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Are you in a business where you handle and have clerks that handle cash? Do you realize that the savings from mistakes during a year if you use a

National Cash Register

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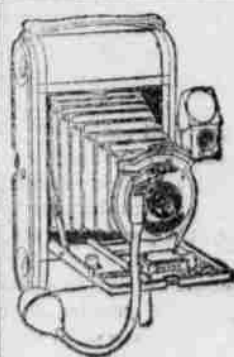


In the Summer

nothing goes quite so well with a meal as a glass of nice, cool beer. It refreshes, cheers and stimulates—that is if it's

**Primo
Lager**

Other beer is just as wet but none is just as good. Try a case if you are unacquainted with its merits.



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RICYCL AND SPORTING GOODS

BY AUTHORITY

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

At Chambers—In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of WILLIAM PATULLO L. BETT, late of Punnene, Wailuku, Maui, Deceased.

Order of notice of Hearing Petition for Administration.

On Reading and Filing the Petition of Jessie Brockie Bett, widow of the above deceased, alleging that William Patullo L. Bett, of Punnene, Wailuku, Maui, died intestate at Punnene, Wailuku, Maui, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1905, leaving property in the Hawaiian Islands necessary to be administered upon, and praying that Letters of Administration issue to her, said petitioner, and that she be appointed Guardian of the persons and property of Thomas Patullo Brockie Bett and Alfred William Bett, minors, children of said Petitioner and said deceased:

It is Ordered that Monday, the 8th day of January, A. D. 1906 at 10 o'clock A. M., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said Petition in the Court Room of this Court at Wailuku, Maui, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said Petition should not be granted, and that notice of this order be published in the English language for three successive weeks in the "MAUI NEWS," a weekly newspaper published in Wailuku, Maui.

Dated at Wailuku, Maui, this 25th day of November, 1905.

(Seal) A. N. KEPOIKAI.

Judge of the Circuit Court of the 2nd Circuit.

Attest: (Sd) EDMUND H. HART

Clerk of the Circuit Court of the 2nd Circuit

Dec. 2, 9, 16, and 23.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned, Edmund H. Hart, Administrator, of the Estate of Esther Hale, late of Waihee, Wailuku, Maui, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same duly authenticated, to undersigned at his office in the Courthouse at Wailuku, Maui, within six months from the first publication of this notice, or they shall be forever barred.

EDMUND H. HART,
Administrator of the Estate of
Esther Hale.

Russians May Settle on Kauai.

Land Commissioner Pratt has expressed himself as highly satisfied with the result of the conference which he and the Governor had with Captain Demens and the two Russian Quakers who came with him from the Coast yesterday to look into the matter of establishing a settlement on Kauai.

"The talk was mainly in the way of giving general information regarding the laws here, the rights of settlers, taxes, etc.," said Pratt. "These people want to get all the information they can before they enter into their venture, and we are giving them all we possibly can."

"Captain Demens is a wealthy Russian merchant in California. It seems that he has written many pamphlets for the enlightenment of the Russian people, and quite a large colony of Russians has gathered about him near Los Angeles. The number so increased that Captain Demens had to look out for places where those people could settle."

Many liberal offers were received from various railroad companies and syndicates in the West, who offered them land for almost nothing if they only would settle on it. These people are a kind of Quakers. They are law abiding, intelligent and hard-working. We have the reports from mayors and various officials as to their character and they all speak of them very highly. For this reason these people are very much wanted as settlers, but of all the propositions they received they decided that their best chance was if they could establish themselves as cane planters in Hawaii. "The proposition is to have the Mukae Sugar Co., if it finds it satisfactory, cancel its lease on a certain tract of government land, the lease on which will expire in eighteen months. Arrangements have been made between Col. Spalding and the Russians to the effect that, if the scheme goes through, the plantation will take all the cane they produce. The two

and everything satisfactory they will bring over their people, about 130 families, or between 800 and 1000 people, to Kauai, build villages and homes and settle there permanently.

These people are the very best kind of settlers. They will make their homes here and will spend their money here, it will be not be sent back to Russia, as the Japanese send theirs to Japan. The idea is to have them take up the land as a settlement association in tracts of about 40 acres to each family. About half of it is suitable for cane cultivation and the rest can be used for other agricultural purposes. It will, if the plan is carried through, be opened on the purchase lease system, so they will be able to spend the first money they make on improvements and pay for the land later on. These men are not paupers by any means. They have money with which they can make a good start, but they need every dollar they have."

Pratt and the Russians will go to Kauai to look over the land.

Tunnel Boring in Ancient Palestine.

In a recent issue of the Scientific American appears the following article on tunnel boring that proves that in very ancient times tunneling was carried on by the Hebrews.

Unmistakable evidence exists that 2,500 years ago certain Hebrew engineers (in the time of King Heze Kiah) executed exactly the same kind of work which was carried out in the Simplon tunnel, though perhaps on a slightly smaller scale. Dr. Bartholet, a professor at the University of Basle, is the gentleman who claims to have made this discovery. The Jewish records state that King Heze Kiah, or Ezekias, who reigned at Jerusalem 727 B. C., was much troubled at the bad state of the water supplied to the people of that city. He accordingly had a vast reservoir made at the gates of the city, into which water was fed from various springs lying at more or less greater distances from the reservoir in question. At first his project seemed doomed to failure, as there existed, between Jerusalem and the springs, from which the water was to be derived, a high chain of hills, over which it would be impossible to convey the water. It was therefore determined to open a passage for the water through the solid rock; one of the Sirach MSS. dating from this period states in this connection: "Heze Kiah fortified his city by bringing water thereto, and he bored through the solid rock by means of bronze, and he collected the water in a reservoir."

It is true that, about fifteen years ago, an open conduit was found in the vicinity of the Holy City, but this appears to have been made by a predecessor of Heze Kiah's, which seems to be clearly proven by an inscription in old Hebrew characters found close to Jerusalem and preserved in the Constantinople Museum. Translated, this inscription reads: "The piercing is terminated. When the pick of the one had still not struck against the pick of the other, and while there was yet a distance of three ells, it was possible to hear the voice of one man calling to another across the rock separating them. And the last day of the piercing, the miners met pick against pick. The height of the rock above the heads of the miners was one hundred ells. Then the waters flowed into the reservoir over a length of 1,200 ells."

Recent explorations have enabled this predecessor of the Simplon to be thoroughly identified; it is said to be the Shiloah tunnel, by means of which water was brought down from a source to the east of Jerusalem, and poured into the Pool of Siloan mentioned in the Bible. This conduit is 360 yards long. The distance as the bird flies between the two mouths of the tunnel is also only 360 yards, which proves that the work was not executed in a perfectly straight line—due doubtless to the difficulties which the engineers encountered in their task, which (for the period) was of really marvelous nature. That the work was commenced from both ends of the tunnel is not only proven by the inscription, but also by the fact that the marks of the boring tools, picks, etc., may still be seen, all bearing in opposite directions. The direction of the tunnel was altered several times during the construction thereof, as there are several short galleries, which were evidently abandoned as soon as it was noted that working was being done out of line. The floor of the tunnel is finish-

"It's the Oil!" Says the Painter

If you could put a coating of pure, raw linseed oil on your house, and that oil would stay there, it would protect your house from the elements; and preserve the material underneath. Any honest painter will tell you that oil is the life of paint and that the pigment mixed with the oil is put there to prevent the oil from drying out and dropping off, and to hold the coloring matter. Therefore to have a good, durable job of painting, you must have pure linseed oil.

Kinloch
READY TO MIX, NOT READY MIXED
HOUSE PAINT

is the old-fashioned thick pigment that you mix gallon for gallon with raw linseed oil—mix it yourself (or let your ten-year-old boy mix it) and you know what you are getting. Kinloch Paint will preserve the lasting qualities of linseed oil and produce the most durable and economical job of painting possible to procure.

Buy Kinloch Paint, the paint that "likes" linseed oil—the paint that does not fight the oil and destroy all its protecting and durable qualities—the paint that you mix yourself and know what you are getting

The Paint that Saves you Money.

For every gallon of Kinloch Paint buy a gallon of fresh, pure, raw, linseed oil in bulk of any reliable dealer, get a good painter to apply it and you can have a job lasting four or five years for a smaller outlay in the first cost of materials and a saving of one-third to one-half in the per year's wear cost of the job.

Important Memorandum—The painter is the most important factor in painting. A job complete, done by a good painter with the best quality of paint, costing say \$50.00 (\$40.00 labor \$10.00 paint), will last five years. The same paint applied by a dabbler (\$20.00 labor \$30.00 paint) will last only two years. Thus the "per-year-cost" of the good painter's job is \$12.00—the poor painter's \$20.00.

See your dealer to-day about this and if he does not yet have Kinloch Paint in stock, write us for complete booklet on paint and painting, with color card. Sent free.

Kinloch Paint Company, St. Louis
For Sale by
Kahului Railroad Company, Distributors.

ward to one yard in width by from three feet in height, more or less, according to the hardness of the rock.

In the light of modern engineering science, the following questions suggest themselves: How did these old-time engineers gauge their direction, recognize and remedy their errors in alignment? What tools did they use to execute a piece of work which has remained without equal or rival for 2,500 years? To these inquiries no answer can be given; the wondering student can only turn away with the exclamation: In good sooth, my masters, there is nothing new under the sun!

Right on the Spot.—In a Liverpool restaurant recently a gentleman left his wife for a few moments to chat with an acquaintance at another table, and while he was there his friend persuaded him to partake of some lamb. Under a misapprehension the waiter removed the lamb before he had eaten it, whereupon he exclaimed, "Goodness! Where is my lamb?"

His wife, overhearing the question, answered in a clear voice, "Here I am, darling."—Tit-Bits.

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